

18th Century Material Culture
The British Army
The Loyalists & Indian Allies



Butler's Rangers



Belt Plate
Butler's Rangers
(Niagara Historical Society)



Belt Plate
Butler's Rangers
(Don Troiani)



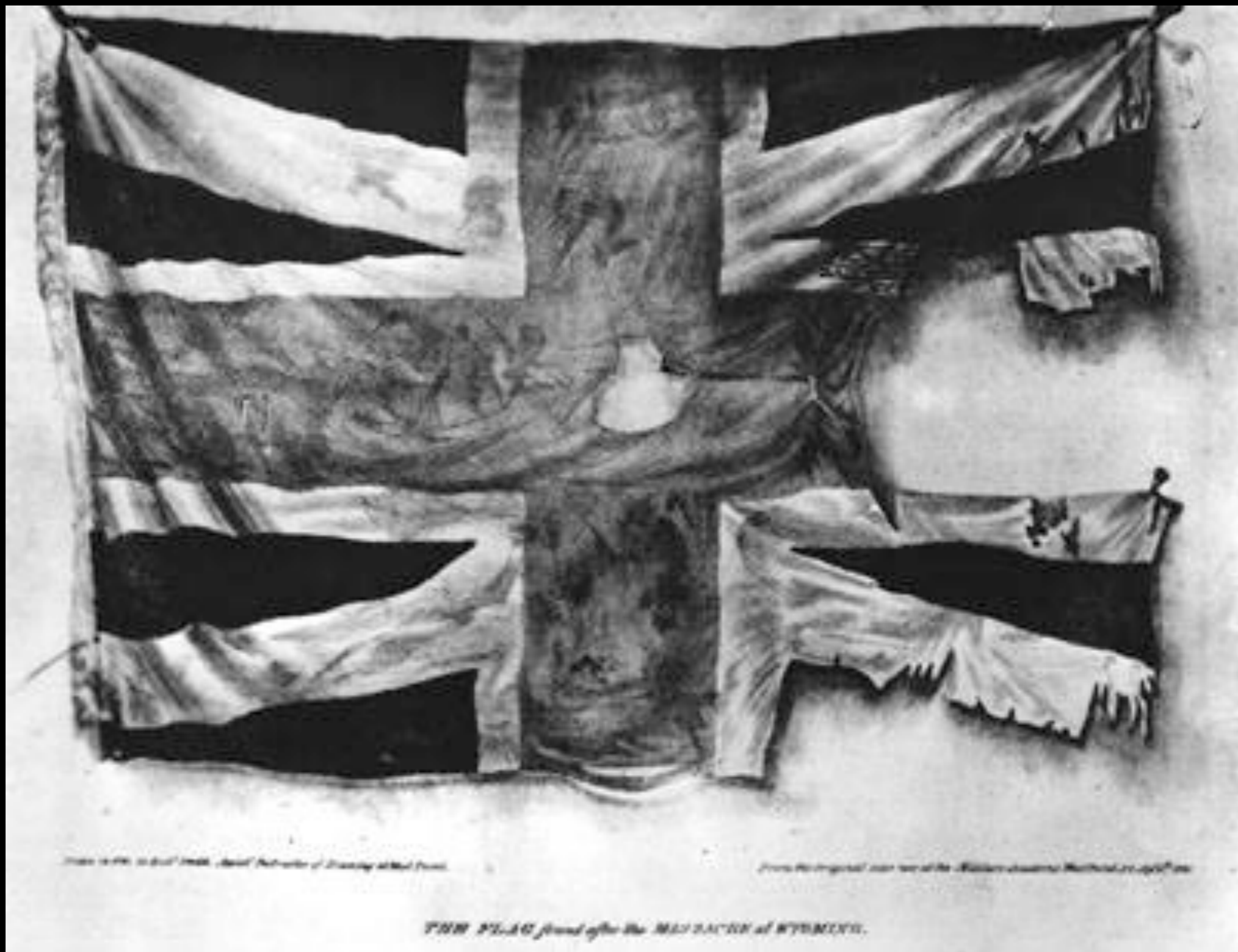
Cartridge Box Plate
Butler's Rangers
(Canadian War Museum)



Powder Horn belonging to Johannes Bradt
Butler's Rangers
(Niagara Historical Society)



The Firelock of Cornelius Furler, Butler's Rangers
(Private Collection)



Colors "Reported" to Have Been Carried by Butler's Rangers
Found After the Battle of Wyoming (Now Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania)
(West Point Museum)



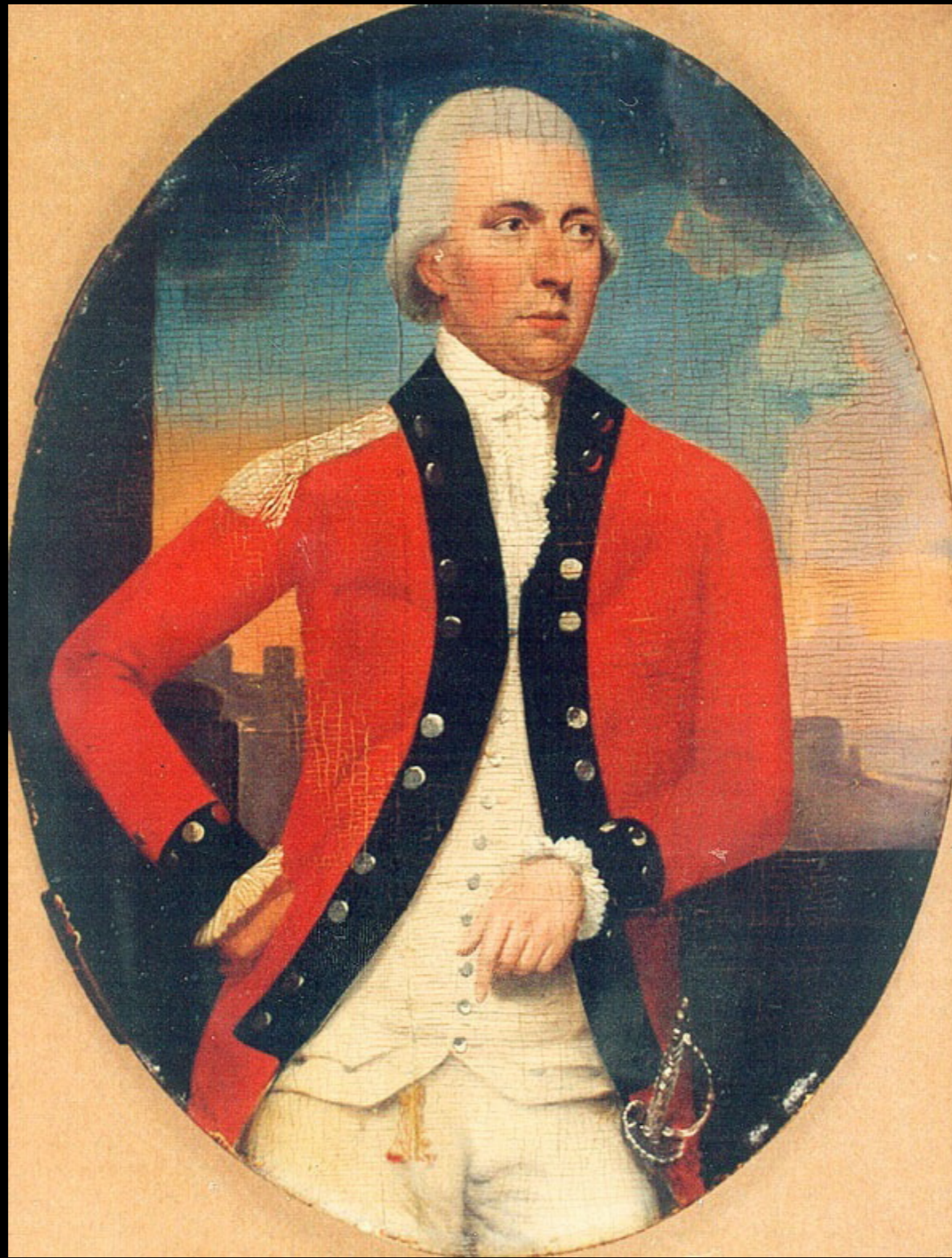
Officer's Buttons of Butler's Rangers
(Museum of Civilization, Canada)

Claus' Rangers



Christian Daniel Claus of Claus' Rangers & Ann (Nancy Claus) Johnson
by unknown c. 1770
(Library and Archives Canada)

Delancy's Rangers



Colonel James DeLancey
Painted During His Trip to London between June 1783 and July 1784
(Private Collection)

The Detroit Volunteers



Coat of Lieutenant David Scheffelin of the Detroit Volunteers
Secretary to the Indian Department c. 1780 - 1785
(Fort Ticonderoga)



Post - War Illustration of David Scheffelin



Copyright Fort Ticonderoga Museum

Coat of Lieutenant David Scheffelin of the Detroit Volunteers
Secretary to the Indian Department c. 1780 - 1785
(Fort Ticonderoga)

Copyright Fort Ticonderoga Museum



Epaulette of Lieutenant David Scheiffelin of the Detroit Volunteers
Secretary to the Indian Department c. 1780 - 1785
(Fort Ticonderoga)



Copyright Fort Ticonderoga Museum

Buff Leather Breeches of Lieutenant David Scheffelin of the Detroit Volunteers
Secretary to the Indian Department c. 1780 - 1785
(Fort Ticonderoga)

The Georgia Loyalists



Royal Provincials Button
Found in Charleston, South Carolina, on a Site Occupied by a Georgia Loyalist Battalion
(Colonial Williamsburg)



Royal Provincials Button
Found in Charleston, South Carolina, on a Site Occupied by a Georgia Loyalist Battalion
(Colonial Williamsburg)

The Loyal American Regiment



Lieutenant Anthony Allaire, Loyal American Regiment
Attributed to John Ramage c. 1779
(New Brunswick Museum)

The King's American Rangers



*Robert Rogers.
Commandeur der Americaner.*

Robert Rogers
"Commandeur Der Americaner" 1775
(Ann S.K. Brown Collection, Brown University)



Leh Martin Will excudit Aug Vind.

MAJOR ROBERT ROGERS,
Commander in Chief of the INDIANS in the Back Settlements of AMERICA.
Published as the Act directs. Oct^r 1. 1776. by Tho. Hart London.

MAJOR ROBERT ROGERS
Commander in Chief of the INDIANS in the Blocke Settlements of AMERICA 1776

The King's American Regiment



Officer's Gilt Plated Button
"The King's American Regiment" Renamed the "4th American Regiment"
Bearing the Mark of Samuel Firmin, a Famous British Button Maker
(Don Troiani)



Button

“The King’s American Regiment” Renamed the “4th American Regiment”
(Private Collection - Chris DC)



Gilded Brass King's American Regiment Sword Belt Plate
Inscribed Verso "1780, Fanning's Regt. Dragoons"
(Canadian War Museum)



Gilded Brass King's American Regiment Sword Belt Plate

c. 1782

(Private Collection)



Copyright Fort Ticonderoga Museum

Gorget of Colonel Edmond Fanning of the King's American Regiment
Possibly made in New York, after 1779
(Fort Ticonderoga)



Bayonet & Scabbard Attributed to Colonel David Fanning
(Admiral Digby Museum)



Bayonet Scabbard Attributed to Colonel David Fanning
(Admiral Digby Museum)



Bayonet Scabbard Attributed to Colonel David Fanning
(Admiral Digby Museum)

King's County Militia



King's County Militia Officer's Belt Plate
Brooklyn, New York c. 1780
(Erik Goldstein)

The King's American Dragoons



Guidon of the King's American Dragoons
(New Brunswick Museum)

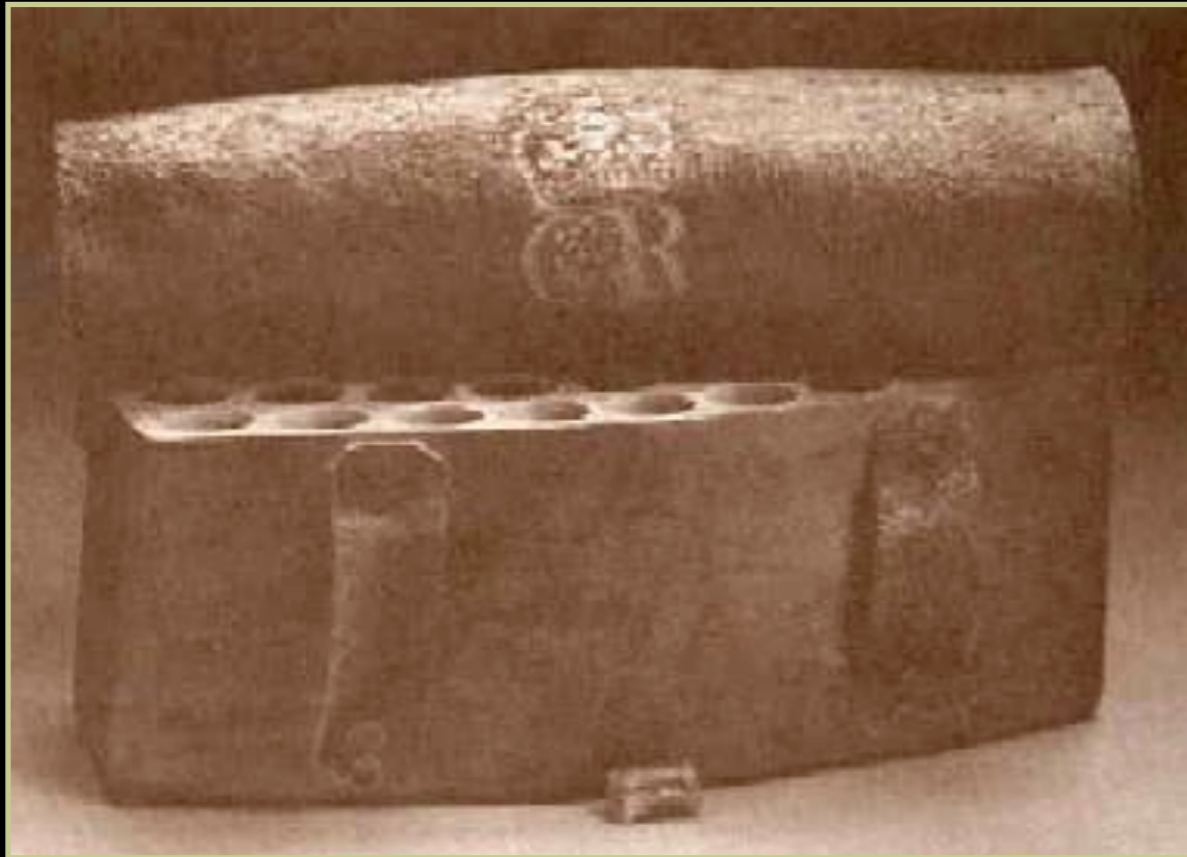


*Coat Possibly Worn by the King's American Dragoons or Guides & Pioneers (Uncertain)
(Washington Crossing Historic Park, New Jersey)*

The King's
Loyal Americans



Government Issued Cartridge Box of Colonel Edward Jessup
King's Loyal Americans
(Parks Canada)



Leather and wood basket cartridge box and waist belt. "Capt' Jessup" is inked on the leather flap. The box is in a style common in the 18th century and may have belonged to Edward Jessup, the founder of Prescott.

Giberne en cuir et en bois et ceinturon en cuir. Le rabat en cuir porte l'inscription à l'encre « Capt' Jessup ». La giberne, d'un style courant au XVIII^e siècle, pourrait avoir appartenu à Edward Jessup, fondateur de Prescott.

Government Issued Cartridge Box of Colonel Edward Jessup
King's Loyal Americans
(Parks Canada)

The King's
Royal Regiment
of
New York



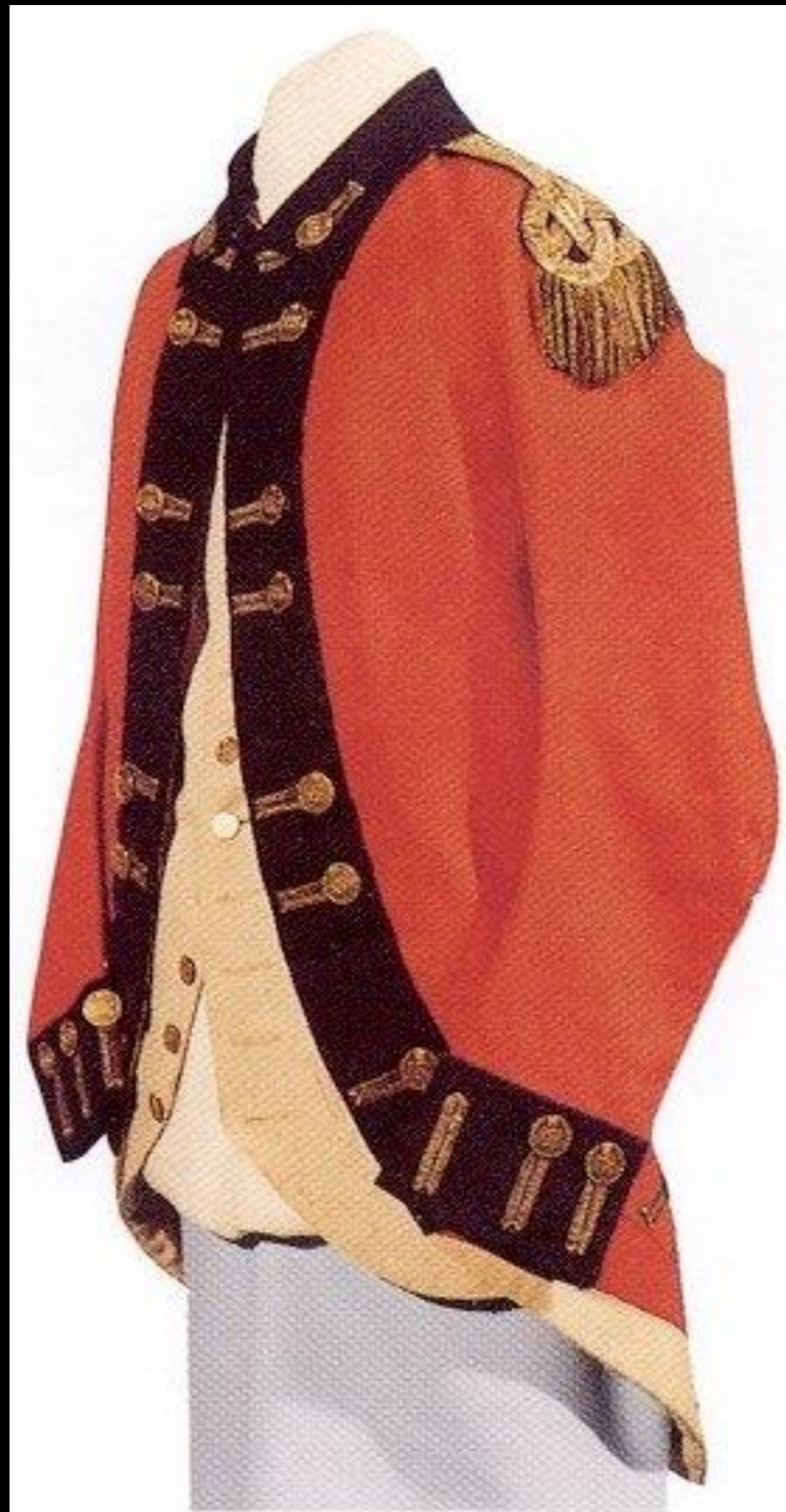
The Uniform of Lieutenant Jeremiah French
King's Royal Regiment of New York
(Canadian War Museum)



The Uniform of Lieutenant Jeremiah French
King's Royal Regiment of New York
(Canadian War Museum)



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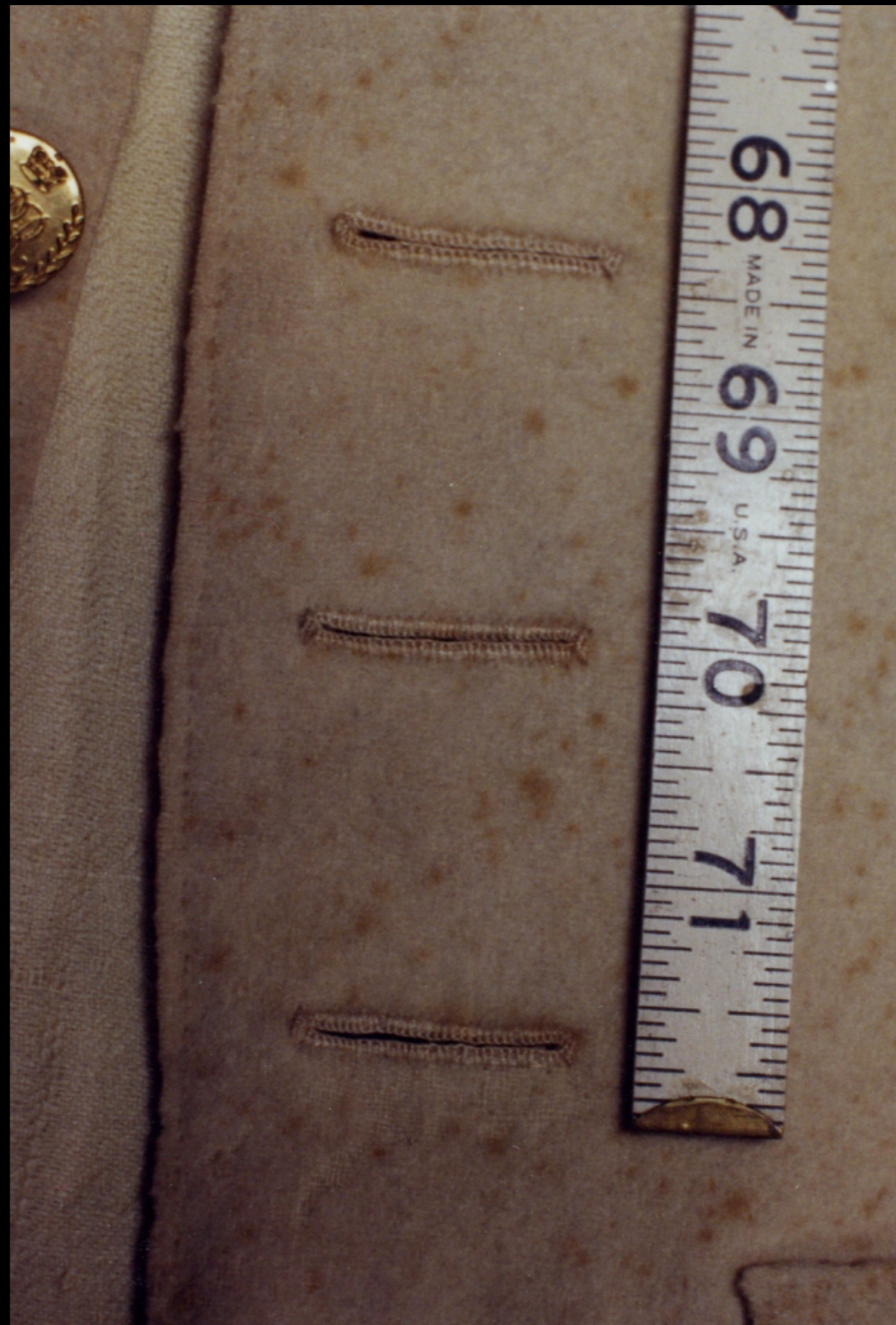
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King's Royal Regiment of New York
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The Uniform of Lieutenant Jeremiah French
King's Royal Regiment of New York
(Canadian War Museum)



Belt Plate
King's Royal Regiment of New York
(Parks Canada)



Powder Horn of Captain Richard Duncan
King's Royal Regiment of New York
1778
(Private Collection)



Powder Horn of Captain Richard Duncan
King's Royal Regiment of New York
1778
(Private Collection)



Powder Horn of Captain Richard Duncan
King's Royal Regiment of New York
1778
(Private Collection)

Loyal American Regiment



Colonel Beverly Robinson of the Loyal American Regiment
(New Brunswick Museum)

All GENTLEMEN VOLUNTEERS,

Who are willing to serve his Majesty in the
LOYAL AMERICAN REGIMENT

COMMANDED BY

Col. BEVERLEY ROBINSON,

For **TWO YEARS**, or during the Rebel-
lion, shall upon their being mustered and ap-
proved of by the Inspector-General, receive

Twenty-five Dollars Bounty.

Whatever Persons are willing to embrace the
present Opportunity offered or approving their
Loyalty, let them repair to the Quarters of the
Regiment, at Harlem Heights, or to the
Bull's Head Tavern, at New-York, where an
Officer will attend to receive and entertain them.

The
New Jersey
Volunteers



Silver Belt Plate of Ensign Justus Earle
4th Battalion New Jersey Volunteers
(New Brunswick Museum)



Lieutenant James Moody, 1st Battalion, New Jersey Volunteers



Lieutenant Moody

This Officer during the American War distinguished himself as one of the most gallant British in the British Service, by the number of Raids that he made himself the terror of the Rebels. The success of these exploits his adventures & exploits were wonderful. — Returning from an expedition in May 1781 he heard that a letter of Lieut. Moody's Army was captured in the County of Tipperary, and that for an offence of which he was not guilty, there was something particularly hard in the case of this poor Fellow, by Moody determined to release him. Accordingly with a few he burst the Guard in Tipperary made his way thro' a Garrison, and got to the Guards to conduct him to the Prison, where he found on a good thing the intention to die the next morning. Moody rescued him, told him he was come to release him in the Name of King George, and pointed to his old companions and friends, but his Generous was so great that he could not swallow them, and was thought not respecting nothing but instant execution. Although closely pursued for several days, Moody at length conducted his Party and the Prisoner to a place of safety.

“Lieutenant Moody”
by Robert Pollard 1785
(The British Museum)



Engraved by Robert Pollard

Designed by J. Smith

London, No. 74, p. 26, by J. Pollard, 1785

Lieutenant Moody

This Officer during the American War distinguished himself as one of the most gallant Partizans in the Verticks Service, & by the number of Raids that he made made himself the terror of the Rebels. In some of these exploits his adventures & escapes were wonderful. — Returning from an expedition in May 1781 he heard that a Soldier of Lt. Bury's Regiment was confined in the Jail of Sussex County, condemned for an offence of which he was not guilty. There was something particularly hard in the Case of this poor Fellow, & Moody determined to release him. Accordingly with 4 Men he laid the God is Right march his way thro' a Garrison, & compelled the Guards to admit him to the Prison, where he found in a quiet sleep the wretched Prisoner. Moody raised him, told him he was come to release him in the Name of King George, and pointed to his old companions and friends, but his Service was so great that he could not recollect them, and was dragg'd out, suspecting nothing but instant execution. — Although closely pursued for several days, Moody at length conducted his Party and the Prisoner to a place of safety. — See Lieutenant Moody's Narrative.

“Lieutenant Moody”
by Robert Pollard 1785
(The British Museum)



Lieutenant Moody

This Officer during the American War distinguished himself as one of the most gallant that ever in the British Service. By the wonderful mode that he used, he made himself the hero of the Field. For some of these exploits his adventures to escape were wonderful. Returning from an expedition in May 1781, he found that a letter of Mr. Burgoyne's having been received in the spirit of high civility, and that for an officer of which he was not guilty. There was something peculiarly hard in the tone of the paper. He only determined to return home. Accordingly with 6 Men he had the good of night made his way through the Mountains, and after a great deal of trouble, he arrived in the West Indies, where he found as a great step the assistance to his the next morning, Moody was told that he was to return home in the Service of a great General, and pointed to his old companions, and friends, but his answer was in great that he could not recollect them, and was changed and reporting nothing but violent accusations. Although closely pursued for several days, he at length escaped his Party and the Pursuit, in a place of safety.

“Lieutenant Moody”
by Robert Polland 1785
(The British Museum)

Prince of Wales Volunteers



Loyalist Coat Worn by Lieutenant Munson Hoyt of the Prince of Wales Volunteers
Which was Raised in Middletown, Connecticut in 1776
Served 1777 - 1783
(Connecticut Historical Society)

Provincial Light Infantry



Lieutenant Colonel John Watson Tadswell Watson
Brigade of Guards Provincial Light Infantry

H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
The Royal Highland Emigrants



Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Donald MacDonald
1st Battalion Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
c. 1777 - 1779



Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Donald MacDonald
1st Battalion Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
c. 1777 - 1779



Lieutenant Colonel Allan MacLean
Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot



Regiment.

Enlisted Man of Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
After Friedrich Konstantin von Germann c. 1778



Enlisted Man of Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
After Friedrich Konstantin von Germann c. 1778



Enlisted Man of Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
After Friedrich Konstantin von Germann c. 1778
(New York Public Library)



Silver Wash Button
Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
Found in Savannah



King's Government Box
Attributed to Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
Likely Government Stores Replacement, Nova Scotia



Pipe Banner, H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot (Royal Highland Emigrants) c. 1784
 Likely Commissioned by Grenadier Captain Murdock McLaine & Used on the Pipes of Neil McLaine
 Served in the South with Clinton at Eutaw Springs - "With God's Will in Spite of Men" / "No One Harms Me with Impunity"
 (York & Lancashire Museum)

Ghuth na Gaib thar a namhaid
Buaidh tarich anar na tuasaid.
Ma bhithas iad a gualibh a'cheud,
San arm, san eudh ma cuairt deubh,
A'cheumaidh iad suas, mar a' b'haiste
Fudh na d'as g'naidh a' b'haiste
S'leudhaidh iad mar a' b'haiste
G'naidh na d'as a' b'haiste
B'haiste a' b'haiste is f'haiste is d'haiste
G'naidh f'haiste is b'haiste suas a' b'haiste
S'leudhaidh a' b'haiste is f'haiste
B'haiste a' b'haiste na P'haiste a' b'haiste

Pipe Banner, H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot (Royal Highland Emigrants) c. 1784

Likely Commissioned by Grenadier Captain Murdock McLaine & Used on the Pipes of Neil McLaine

Served in the South with Clinton at Eutaw Springs - "With God's Will in Spite of Men" / "No One Harms Me with Impunity"

(York & Lancashire Museum)



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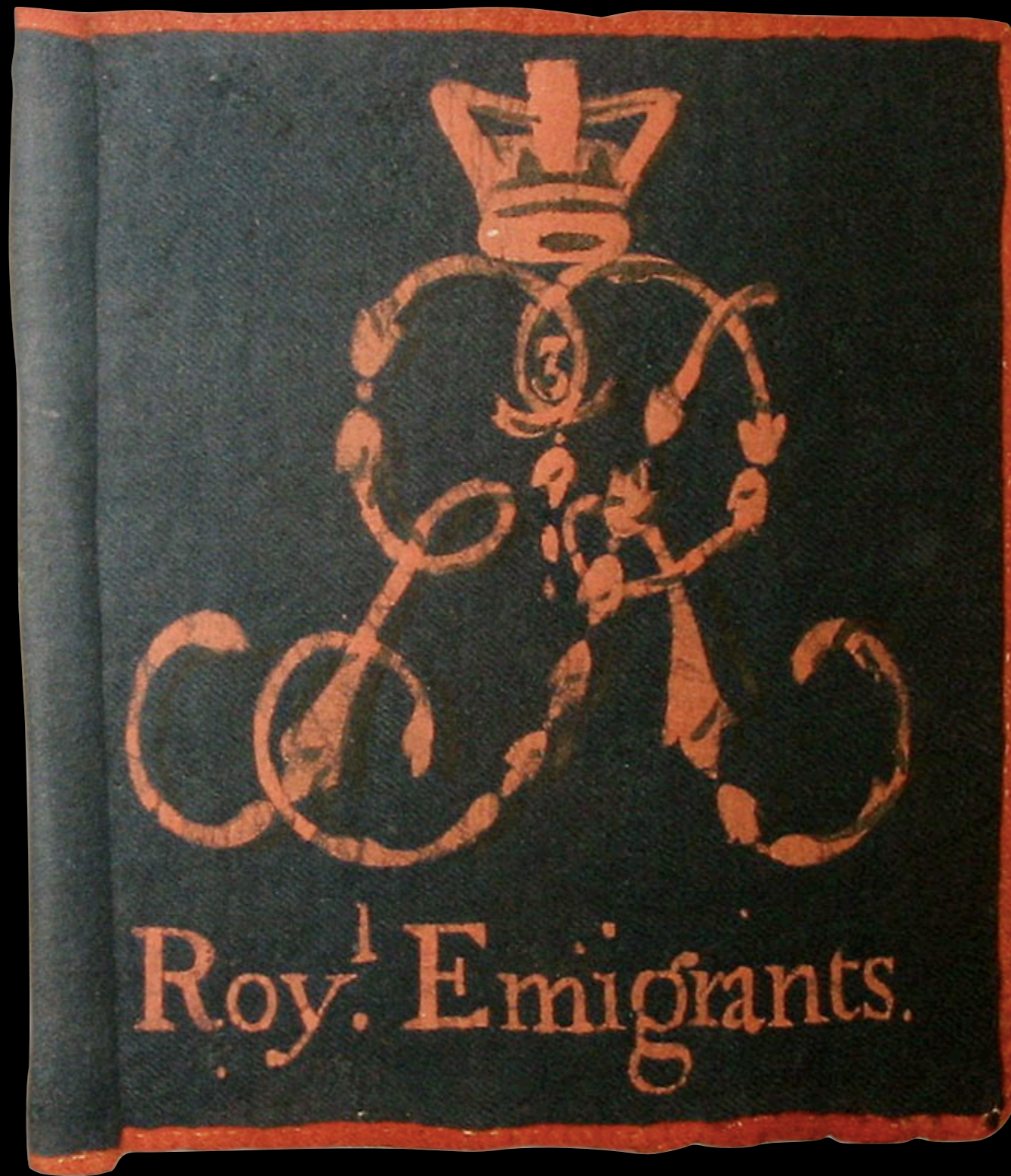
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Served in the South with Clinton at Eutaw Springs - "With God's Will in Spite of Men" / "No One Harms Me with Impunity"
(York & Lancashire Museum)



Camp Color
Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
(Canadian War Museum)



Scottish Dirk that belonged to John Nairne
Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
c. 1775
(Canadian War Museum)



Sergeant's Sword Belt Tip
Royal Highland Emigrants / H.M. 84th Regiment of Foot
(Don Troiani)

The Queen's Rangers



John Graves Simcoe

c. 1770

L^t GENERAL SIMCOE.



Lieutenant General John Graves Simcoe
by Jean-Laurent Mosnier



“A Light Infantry Man & Hussar of the Queen’s Rangers”
by George Spencer



Queen's Rangers
Map Detail of a Hussar



Copied from a Drawing by Capt. Murray of the R Rangers

A Grenadier of the Queen's Rangers

“A Grenadier of the Queen’s Rangers”
by George Spencer



and from a drawing by Capt. Murray of the Queen's Rangers.

A Rifleman of the Queen's Rangers.

“A Rifleman of the Queen’s Rangers”
by George Spencer



“A Rifleman of the Queen’s Rangers”
by James Murray
(Colonial Williamsburg)



“A Rifleman of the Queen’s Rangers”
by James Murray
(Colonial Williamsburg)



“A Rifleman of the Queen’s Rangers”
by James Murray
(Colonial Williamsburg)



and from a drawing by Capt. Murray of the Queen's Rangers.

A Rifleman of the Queen's Rangers.



A Rifleman of the Queen's Rangers

“A Rifleman of the Queen’s Rangers”
A Comparison of the Works by George Spencer & James Murray



Long Land Firelock Marked to the Queen's Rangers



Button
Queen's Rangers
1st American Regiment



Green Dyed Officer's Pouch
Marked Queen's Rangers - 1st American Regiment
(Tom Wnuck Estate)

Royal
Highland Volunteers



Button
Royal Highland Volunteers

South Carolina Royalists



Officer's Belt Plate - South Carolina Royalists
c. 1780
(Colonial Williamsburg)

Volunteers
of
America



Frances Rawdon - Hastings, 1st Marquess of Hastings
Served Throughout the American Revolution



Colonel Francis, Lord Rawdon, Volunteers of Ireland
by J. Walker 1782
(New York Public Library)



Unknown Officer
Possibly Volunteers of Ireland

Westchester Volunteers



American Horseman's Sabre, c. 1780 made by James Potter, New York City
Used by Captain Frederick Williams, Westchester Refugees
(New Brunswick Museum, Saint John, N.B.)

Indian Allies



Guy Johnson, Superintendent of Indian Affairs & Captain Joseph Brant, Grand Chief of the Six Nations
by Benjamin West 1776
(National Gallery of Art, Washington D.C.)



Joseph Brant (Thayendanegea)
by George Romney while in London 1776
(National Gallery of Canada)



Joseph Brant (Thayendanegea)
by Gilbert Stuart 1785
(The British Museum)



Joseph Brant (Thayendanegea)
by Gilbert Stuart 1786
(Sotheby's)



Pistols Presented to Joseph Brandt by the Duke of Northumberland in 1791
Signature of Thomas Murdoch
(Royal Ontario Museum)



Coat worn by Lieutenant Daniel Servos, an Officer in the British Indian Department serving the Six Nations

c. 1775 - 1783

(The Niagara Historical Society Museum)



Coat worn by Lieutenant Daniel Servos, an Officer in the British Indian Department serving the Six Nations
c. 1775 - 1783
(The Niagara Historical Society Museum)



Coat worn by Lieutenant Daniel Servos, an Officer in the British Indian Department serving the Six Nations
c. 1775 - 1783
(The Niagara Historical Society Museum)



Coat worn by Lieutenant Daniel Servos, an Officer in the British Indian Department serving the Six Nations
c. 1775 - 1783
(The Niagara Historical Society Museum)



The Coat of Charles De Langlede - British Indian Agency
(Neville Public Museum, Green Bay, Wisconsin)



The Coat of Charles De Langlade - British Indian Agency
(Neville Public Museum, Green Bay, Wisconsin)



The Coat of Charles De Langlade - British Indian Agency
(Neville Public Museum, Green Bay, Wisconsin)



The Coat of Charles De Langlede - British Indian Agency
(Neville Public Museum, Green Bay, Wisconsin)



The Coat of Charles De Langlade - British Indian Agency
(Neville Public Museum, Green Bay, Wisconsin)

Miscellaneous



Sir William Johnson
by John Wollaston c. 1751
(Albany Institute of History and Art)



Sir William Johnson
by Unknown c. 1760
(Library and Archives Canada)



Sir Guy Carleton, 1st Baron Dorchester
(National Archives of Canada)

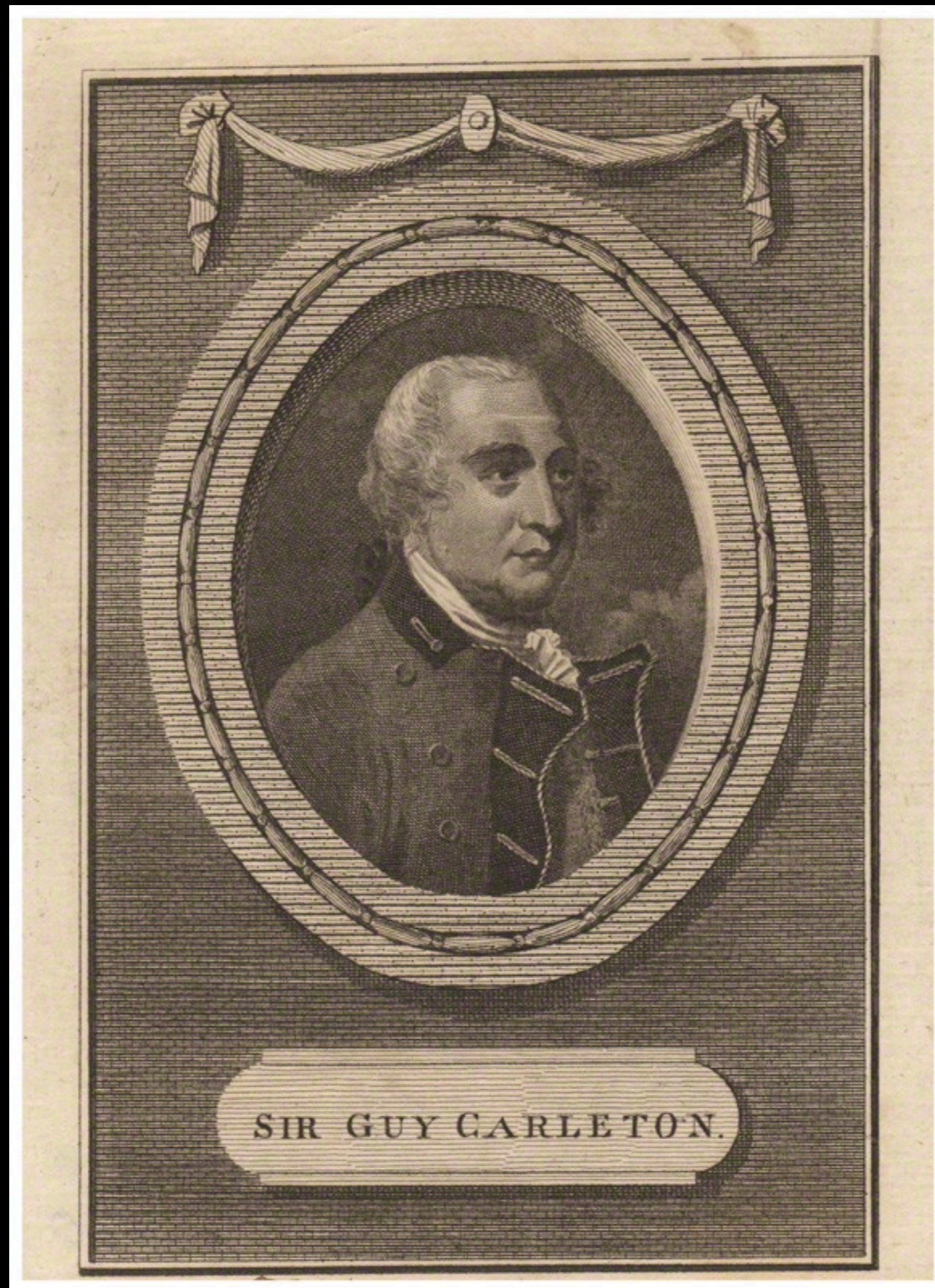


Sir Guy Carleton
1770
(Smithsonian)



©MUSÉE McCORD MUSEUM

Sir Guy Carleton
by Anonymous c. 1778 - 1786
(McCord Museum)



Sir Guy Carleton
London 1783
(National Portrait Gallery, London)

Province of

Day of

1779.

I do hereby profess and declare my Loyalty and Allegiance to his Majesty King George the Third, and do hereby engage, that when ever I can be protected against the present rebellious and usurped Government in this Province, I will take up Arms, in Defence of his Majesty, and the Laws of the said Province; and that I will in the mean Time, promote his Majesty's Interest, by every Means in my Power, consistent with my present Safety.

Loyalty Oath

1779

(Connecticut Historical Society)



Button
Royal Provincials
(Don Troiani)



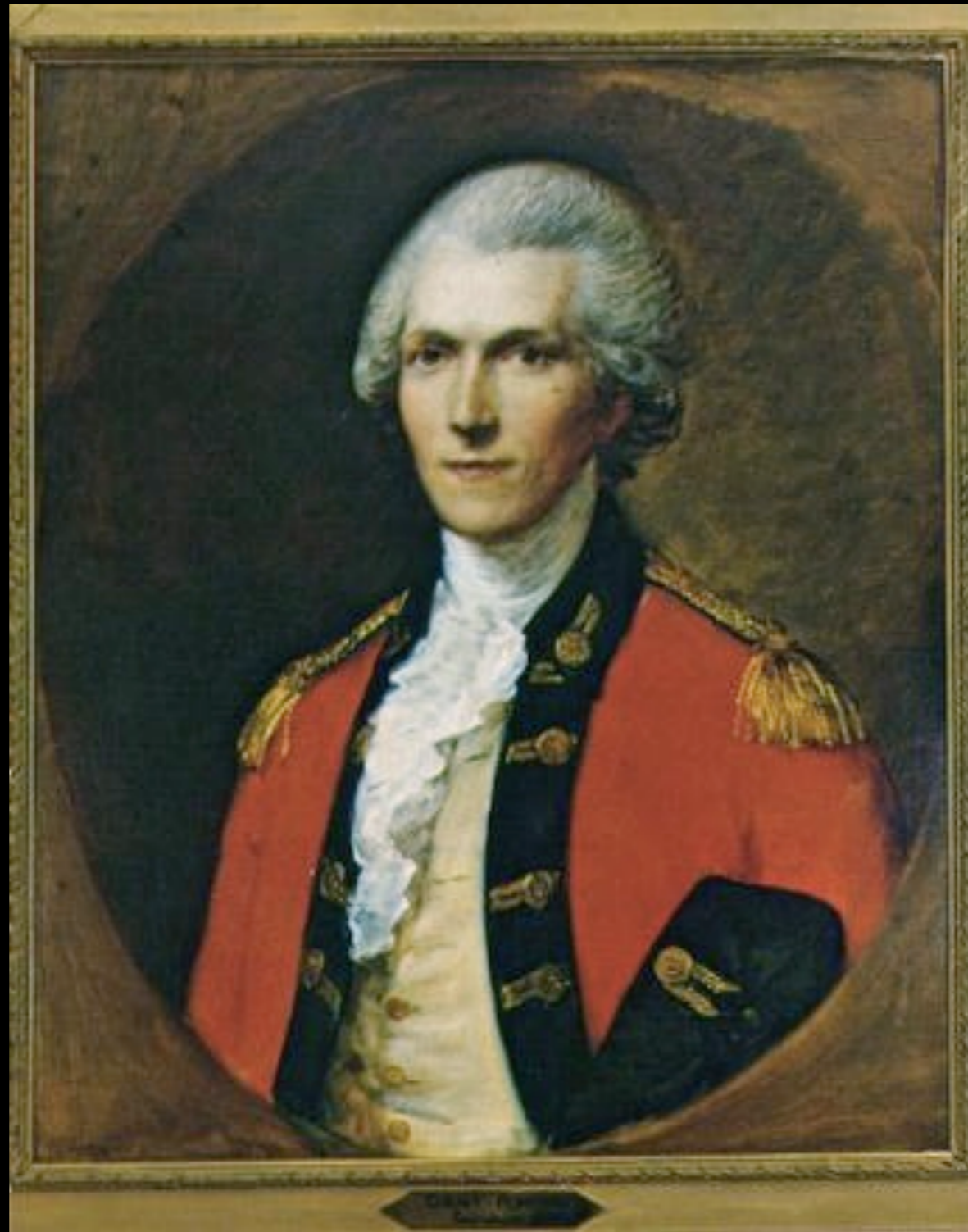
Provincial Belt Plate Found on the Northeastern Shore of Lake Champlain
May have belonged to a Member of Jessup's or Peters' Corps. or another Loyalist Unit
(Don Troiani)



POSSIBLE Loyalist "RANGERS" Belt Plate found on Amelia Island, Florida
Possibly from the King's (Carolina) Rangers of the East Florida Rangers



POSSIBLE Loyalist "RANGERS" Belt Plate found on Amelia Island, Florida
Possibly from the King's (Carolina) Rangers of the East Florida Rangers



Sir Benjamin Thompson, Count Rumford
Born in Woburn, Massachusetts



The Coat of Andres Ten Eyck

c. 1770

(Musee Missisquoi)



The Coat of Andres Ten Eyck

c. 1770

(Musee Missisquoi)



The Coat of Andres Ten Eyck

c. 1770

(Musee Missisquoi)



The Coat of Andres Ten Eyck

c. 1770

(Musee Missisquoi)



Militia Officer Gorget 1775
Commemorating the Successful Defense of Quebec City
(Canadian War Museum)

PLAIN TRUTH: (Chalmers)

ADDRESSED TO THE
INHABITANTS OF AMERICA.

CONTAINING

Remarks on a late Pamphlet,

INTITLED

COMMON SENSE:

Wherein are shewn, that the Scheme of INDEPENDENCE is ruinous, delusive, and impracticable; that were the Author's Affeuerations, respecting the Power of AMERICA, as real as nugatory, Reconciliation on liberal Principles with GREAT BRITAIN would be exalted Policy; and that, circumstanced as we are, permanent Liberty and true Happiness can only be obtained by Reconciliation with that Kingdom.

WRITTEN by CANDIDUS.

Will ye turn from Flattery and attend to this Side.

There TRUTH, unlicenc'd, walks; and dares accost
Even Kings themselves, the Monarchs of the Free.
THOMSON on the Liberties of BRITAIN.

PHILADELPHIA, Printed:

LONDON, Reprinted for J. ALMON, opposite BURLINGTON
HOUSE, in PICCADILLY.

M.DCC.LXXVI.

“PLAIN TRUTH”

Written by James Chalmers (1727–1806), a Loyalist officer from Chestertown, Maryland
One of the leading written commentaries lambasting Thomas Paine's Common Sense

Just printed, published, and now selling by
ROBERT BELL, in Third Street, Philadelphia,
Price Three Shillings, with large allowance to
those who buy per the hundred or dozen.

PLAIN TRUTH; addressed to the INHABITANTS OF AMERICA, containing Remarks on a late Pamphlet intituled COMMON SENSE. Wherein are shewn, that the Scheme of INDEPENDENCE is Ruinous, Delusive, and impracticable: That were the Author's Asseverations, respecting the Power of AMERICA, as Real as Nugatory, Reconciliation, on liberal Principles with GREAT-BRITAIN would be exalted Policy: And that, circumstanced as we are, permanent Liberty, and true Happiness can only be obtained by Reconciliation with that Kingdom. Written by CANDIDUS. Will ye turn from Flattery and attend to this side? *There Truth, unlicenc'd, walks; and dares accost Even Kings themselves, the Monarchs of the Tree!*

Thompson on the Liberties of Britain.

N. B. To this Pamphlet is subjoined a Defence of the Liberty of the Press, by the sagacious and patriotic JUNIUS, Author of the celebrated FREE Letters to his present Majesty, and his Ministers,

“PLAIN TRUTH”

Written by James Chalmers (1727-1806), a Loyalist officer from Chestertown, Maryland
One of the leading written commentaries lambasting Thomas Paine's Common Sense



July 1783

Is this a Peace, when Loyalists must bleed?

**The SAVAGES let loose, OR
The Cruel FATE of the LOYALISTS.**

It is a Bloody Piece of work indeed.

Sold by William Humphrey N° 217 Strand.

The SAVAGES let loose, OR, The Cruel FATE of the LOYALISTS
by William Humphrey 1783
(The British Museum)



Ein Canadischer Bauer.

Ein Canadischer Bauer c. 1777
(A Canadian Knave)
After Friedrich Konstantin von Germann

A
D O S E
F O R T H E
T O R I E S.

COME hither brother tradesman,
And bear what news I bring,
Its of a Tory ministry,
A Parliament, and King,
A packing they must go, must go, must
go, or a begging we shall go.

With places and with pensions,
Like Charles and James of old,
They rob us of our Liberty,
And sell us all for gold,
And a packing, &c.

The Jacobites and Tories,
Dance round us hand in hand,
Like locusts they surround the throne,
And fatten on the land,
And a packing, &c.

Our brethren in America,
With tyranny they grieve,
And they to make us praise their deeds,
With lies they us deceive.
And a packing, &c.

Their ports and harbours they've block't up,
And all their trade they've stop't,
So all the poor are left to starve,
And we must shut up shop.
And a packing, &c.

With Popery and Slavery
America they treat,
And swear they will dragoon them all
If they will not submit.
And a packing, &c.

Our Soldiers and our Sailors,
Their purpose will not suit,
They'll never against the people fight,
For Mansfield, or for Bute,
And a packing, &c.

Our merchants have petitioned,
And all the town besides,
And Chatham has upbraided them,
But nothing bends their pride,
And a packing, &c.

Then let us to the Palace,
And Parliament repair,
And see who will deny us right,
Or tell us if they dare,
And a packing, &c.

Should they our just demands refuse,
Genius of Liberty,
Conduēt such Traitors to the Block,
A sacrifice to thee,
Then a singing we will go, we'll go,
we'll go, and a singing we will go to
Tower-Hill.

I R E L A N D Printed: AMERICA Re-Printed, in the Year MDCCLXXV.



Flushing, New York

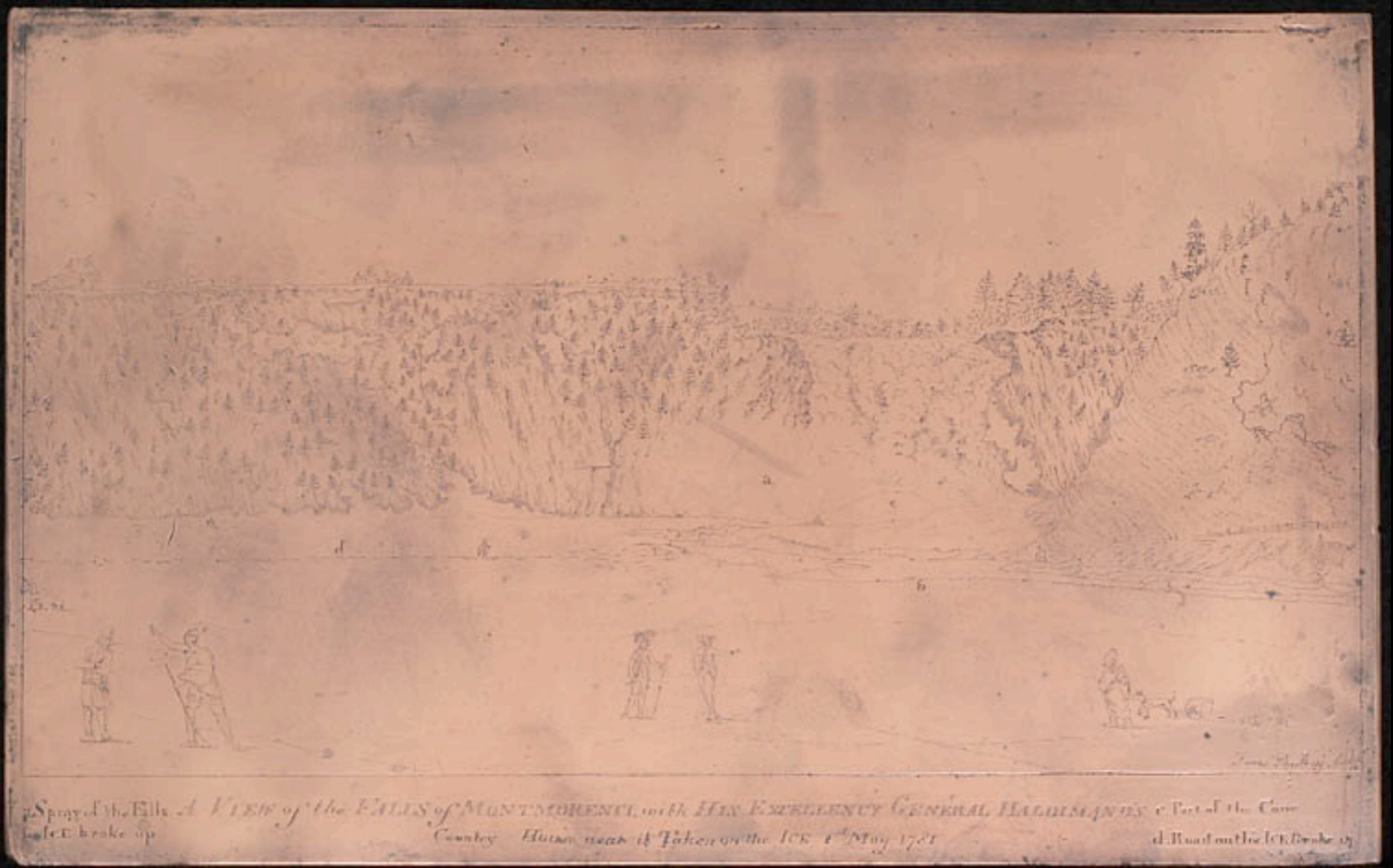


A View of Ticonderoga from the Middle of the Channel in Lake Champlain
by James Hunter 1777
(National Archives of Canada)



A View of Ticonderoga from the Middle of the Channel in Lake Champlain
by James Hunter 1777
(National Archives of Canada)

The Artwork of James Peachy



Spray of the Falls. A VIEW of the FALLS of MONTMORENCY, with HIS EXCELLENCY GENERAL HALDIMAND'S Country House near it Taken on the 1st May 1781. Part of the Country Road out the Ice Breaks by

View of the Falls of Montmorency with his Excellency General Haldimand's Country House, May 1781
by James Peachy c. 1781
(Library and Archives Canada)



*A Winter View of the Falls of Montmorency (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1781
(Library and Archives Canada)*



A View of the falls of Montmorency with General Haldimand's Country House near it (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1781
(Library and Archives Canada)



*A VIEW of the CHURCH at ANGE GARDIEN, CAPE TORMENT, and part of the ISLE of ORLEANS
Taken by the PAUL of MISSISSAUGA on the 16th May 1781*

“A View of the Church at Ange Gardien, Cape Torment, and Part of the Isle of Orleans.”
by James Peachy c. 1781
(Library and Archives Canada)



An East View of Montreal, in Canada (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1782
(Library and Archives Canada)



Vue de la rivière Montmorency
by James Peachy c. 1782
(Library and Archives Canada)



*A View of the Montmorency River near General Haldimand's Country House
by James Peachy c. 1782
(Library and Archives Canada)*



“Scene at Montmorency Falls near General Haldimand's Country House, Quebec , 1783”
by James Peachey
(Public Archives of Canada)



*“Scene at Montmorency Falls near General Haldimand's Country House, Quebec , 1783”
by James Peachey
(Public Archives of Canada)*



“A North-East View of the Bridge of Maskinongé Quebec”
by James Peachy c. 1783
(Library and Archives Canada)



A South-East View of Cataraqui (Kingston, Ontario)
by James Peachy c. 1783
(National Archives Canada)



N. N. E. View of the Bridge at Maskinongé

“A North-East View of the Bridge of Maskinongé Quebec”
by James Peachy c. 1783



*A View of the Falls of Montmorency with General Haldimand's Country House
by James Peachy c. 1781 - 1784*



A View of the Montmorency River
by James Peachy c. 1783
(Library and Archives Canada)



*A View of the Falls of Montmorenci taken from Below
by James Peachy c. 1783
(National Archives of Canada)*



“Falls of Montmorency”
by James Peachy c. 1783
(National Archives of Canada)



La rivière Montmorency
by James Peachy c. 1783
(National Archives of Canada)



A South-East View of Cataraqui (Kingston)
by James Peachy c. 1783
(National Archives of Canada)

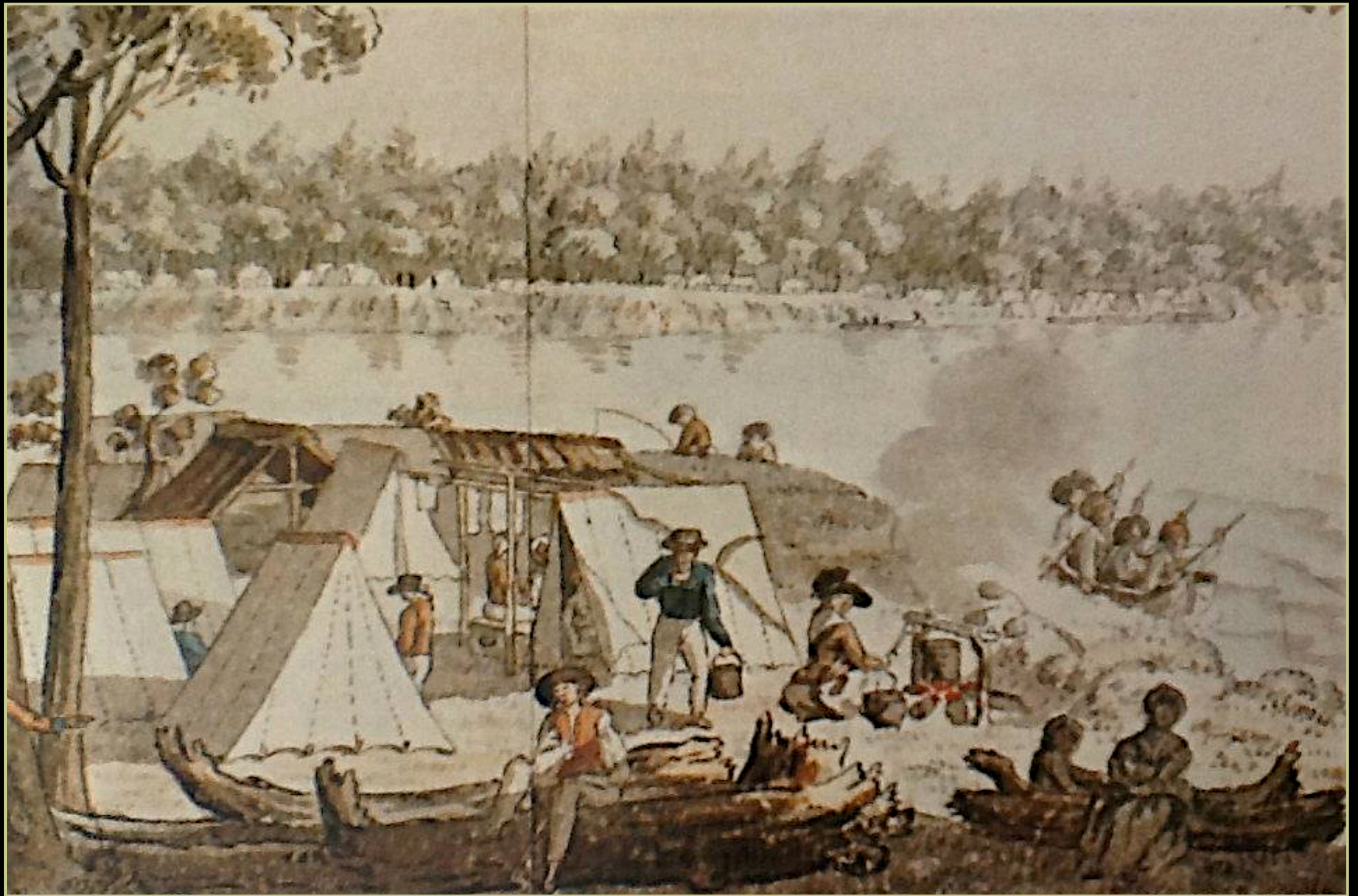


*A View of the Falls of Chaudière
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)*



*Encampment of the Loyalists at Johnston, a New Settlement, on the Banks of the River St. Lawrence in Canada, taken June 6th 1784.
taken from a plan marked in the Plan*

Encampment of the Loyalists at Johnston, A New Settlement on the Banks of the River St. Lawrence in Canada
June 6 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



Encampment of the Loyalists at Johnston, A New Settlement on the Banks of the River St. Lawrence in Canada

June 6 1784

(National Archives of Canada)



Encampment of the Loyalists at Johnston,
A New Settlement on the Banks of the River St. Lawrence in Canada
June 6 1784



A South West View of St. Johns, showing the Fort and Blockhouse opposite

“A SOUTH WEST VIEW of St. John’s”
by James Peachy c. 1784 - 1790
(National Archives of Canada)



A SOUTH WEST VIEW of ST. JOHN'S

showing the Fort and the Detached Redoubt with the Market Place opposite



- 1. Fortification Wall & Bastion
- 2. Magazine & Barrack
- 3. South Redoubt and surrounding Garrison
- 4. Detached Redoubt

- 5. Assembly and Quarter Master Building
- 6. Post Office and Barrack
- 7. Tavern
- 8. North Redoubt Magazine & Barrack

- 9. Detached Redoubt Garrison
- 10. Market Place
- 11. Cathedral
- 12. Naval Hospital

“A SOUTH WEST VIEW of St. John’s”
 by James Peachy c. 1784 - 1790
 (National Archives of Canada)



"A SOUTH WEST VIEW of St. John's"
 by James Peachy c. 1784 - 1790
 (National Archives of Canada)



"A SOUTH WEST VIEW of St. John's"
by James Peachy c. 1784 - 1790
(National Archives of Canada)



"A SOUTH WEST VIEW of St. John's"
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



Painted by J. Peachy

A VIEW of the CITY of QUEBEC the Capital of CANADA taken from the Ferry House on the Opposite side of the River.

- a. The Citadel on Cape Diamond.*
- b. Chateau & Castle of St. Louis.*
- c. Recollets Church as it appeared before the British was Burnt down.*

- d. The Great Cathedral Church.*
- e. The Bishops Palace.*
- f. The Seminary.*

“A VIEW of the CITY of QUEBEC the Capital of CANADA taken from the Ferry House on the Opposite side of the River”
by James Peachy c. 1784
(British Library)

A View of Three Rivers, taken from the Road leading to Pointe du Lac



A View of Three Rivers (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



A View of Three Rivers (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



Vue de la ville et du bassin de Québec
by James Peachy c. 1784



A View of Three Rivers (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



A View of the Citadel at Quebec
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)



A View of the City and Basin of Quebec
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)



"A West View of Sorel, Quebec"
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



A View of Cataraqui on the Entrance of Lake Ontario in Canada, taken from Capt Brant's house July 16th 1784
by James Peachy c. 1784



A View of the Pilgrim Islands, Bearing E. be. N. distance 1. League, 17th Nov. 1784

A View of the Pilgrim Island's, Bearing E. be. N. distance
by James Peachy c. 1784



*A View of the Bason of Quebec, with the Island of Orleans, Point Levis and Fall of Montmorency
by James Peachy c. 1784*



*Vue du cap Tourmente, d'une partie de l'île d'Orléans, de l'île Madame et de l'île aux Ruaux
by James Peachy c. 1784*



A View of Ile aux Coudres
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



A View of La Malbaie (Murray Bay)
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives of Canada)



A View of the Rocks Called the Pillars Taken from the Traverse
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)



A View of Ile Brûlé, Quebec
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)



A View of Grosse Île with the Church of Kamouraska
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)



A West View of Sorel
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)



A View of the City of Quebec
by James Peachy c. 1784
(Library and Archives Canada)

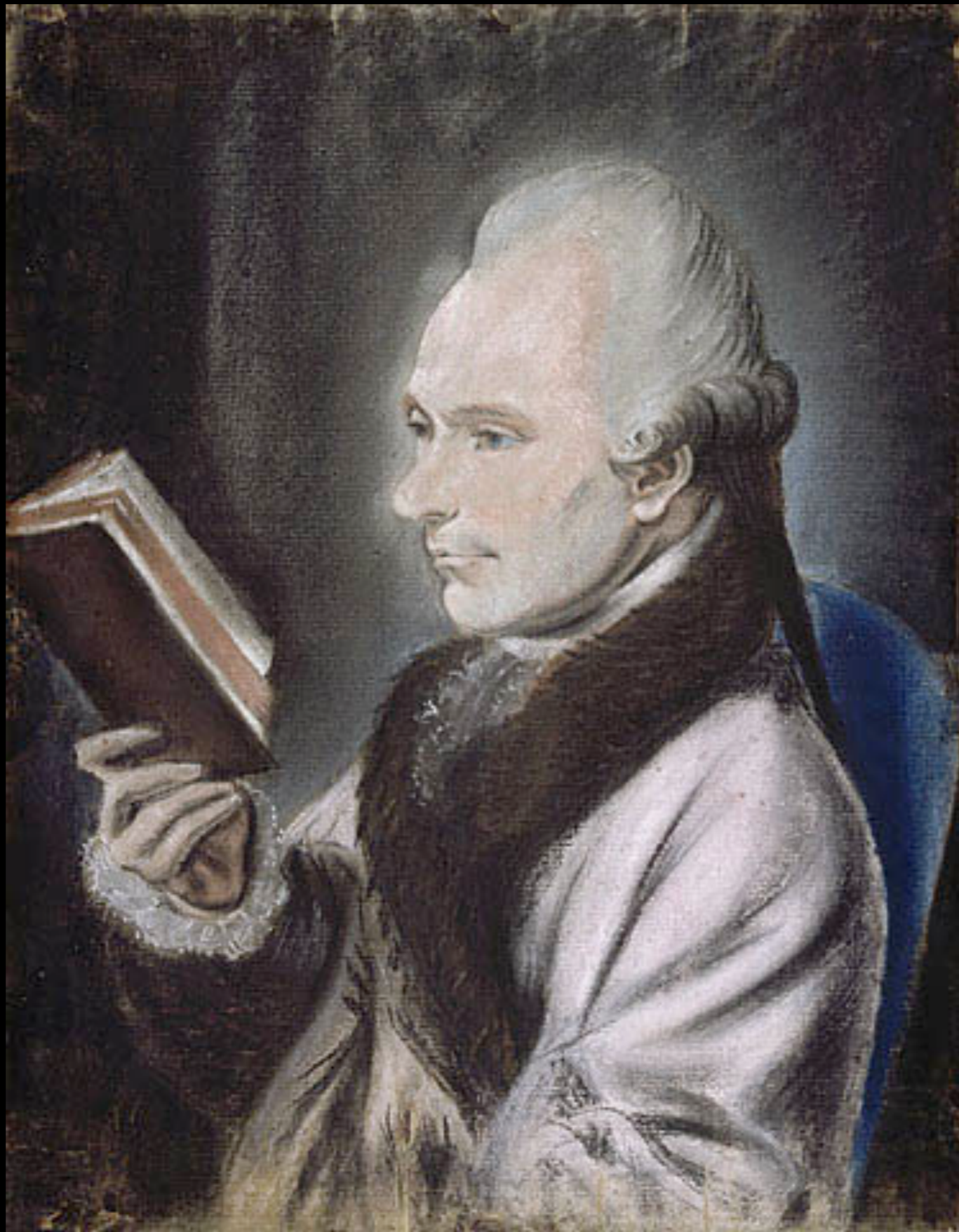


*A View of the City of Montreal
by James Peachy c. 1784*



*Montreal Surrendered, with all Canada, on the 8th Day of Sept. 1760, to His Majesty's Army Commanded by Gen^l General, now Lord, Amherst.
Taken from the top of the Mountain the 25th of Oct. 1760*

Montreal from the Mountain (Quebec)
by James Peachy c. 1784
(National Archives Canada)



Reverend F.W. DesBarres
by James Peachy c. 1785



A View of the Bridge at Rivière de Loup taken from the South West

A View of the Bridge at Rivière-du-Loup
by James Peachy c. 1785



A View of the City of Québec with the Citadel and Outworks on Cape Diamond taken from the Heights on the Opposite side of the River

Vue de la Citadelle et des fortifications du cap Diamant à Québec
by James Peachy c. 1785



A View of the Bridge Built over the River Berthie, By Order of General Haldimand in 1761.

A View of the Bridge over the Berthier River
by James Peachy c. 1785



"A View of Three Rivers taken from the Road leading to Pointe du Lac"
by James Peachy c. 1784



A View of Quebec taken from the Ferry House on the Opposite side of the River St. Lawrence, Taken October the 8. 1764

A View of Quebec taken from the Ferry House on the Opposite side of the River St. Lawrence
by James Peachy c. 1785



“A PLAN of the INHABITED Part of the PROVINCE of QUEBEC.”
by James Peachy c. 1785



Vue de Montréal et de la paroisse de Longueuil, Montréal
by James Peachy c. 1785



A View of the City of Quebec, the Capital of Canada, taken from the Rock in Point Lévis, by W. Peachy, Oct. 23, 1786.

A View of the City of Quebec
by James Peachy c. 1786

Other Canadian Views



A View of the Intendants Palace

Drawn on the Spot by Rich^d Short

Published according to the Order of Parliament, Sept. 2. 1761. By Richard Short



Vue du Palais de l'Intendant

Engraved by William Elliott

Paris, sold by Deshayes, de la Cour de St. Martin, France

"A View of the Intendants Palace"
by Richard Short 1761
(Canadian National Archives)



A View of the Jesuits College and Church.

Drawn on the SPOT by Rich^d Short.



Engraved by C. Goussier.

Vue de l'Église et du Collège des Jésuites.

—London, published according to the Act of Parliament, by Peter Colton, & sold by the Messrs. de la Compagnie des Indes, au Salon de la Cour de la Reine, sous le Vestibule.

"A View of the Jesuits College and Church"
by Richard Short 1761
(Canadian National Archives)



*A View of the Orphans' or Ursuline Nunnery,
taken from the Ramparts.*



*Vue de l'Hopital des Orphelins de Paris par les Ursulines,
prise de dessus le Rampart.*

Drawn on the Spot by R. Short. Engraved by James Watson.
Printed by J. G. Galt, in the Office of the Printer, near the King's Arms.

"A View of the Orphans' or Ursuline Nursery, taken from the Ramparts"
by Richard Short 1761
(Canadian National Archives)



A View of the Treasury and Jesuits College.
Drawn on the Spot by Rich^d Short.



Vue de la Trésorerie, et du Collège des Jésuites.
Engraved by C. Grignon.

London, published according to the Authority of the Board of Trade, and the Office of the Surveyor of the Customs, in the Year 1761.

"A View of the Treasury and Jesuits College"
by Richard Short 1761
(Canadian National Archives)



"A View of the North West part of the City of Quebec, taken from St Charles's River"
by Richard Short 1761
(Canadian National Archives)



A General View of Quebec, from Point Lévy.

To the Hon.^{ble} CHARLES SAUNDERS Vice Admiral of the Blue.

These Twelve Views of the Principal Buildings in QUEBEC.



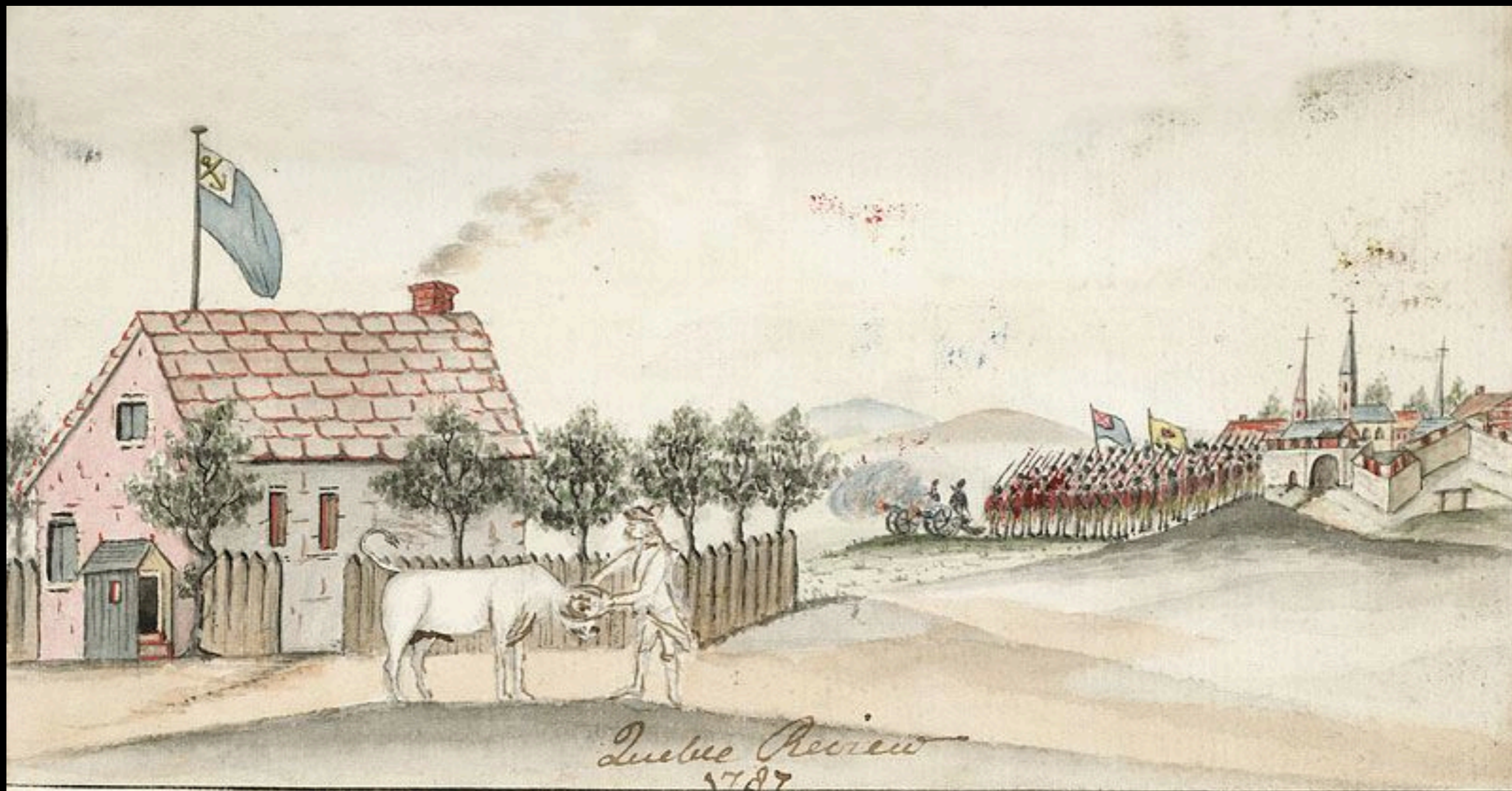
Vue Générale de Québec prise de la Pointe Lévy.

(and Knight of the most Honourable Order of the BATH)

are most Humbly Presented by his most Obedient & Humble servant

Richard Short

"A General View of Quebec, from Point Lévy"
 by Richard Short 1761
 (Canadian National Archives)



Quebec Review
1787

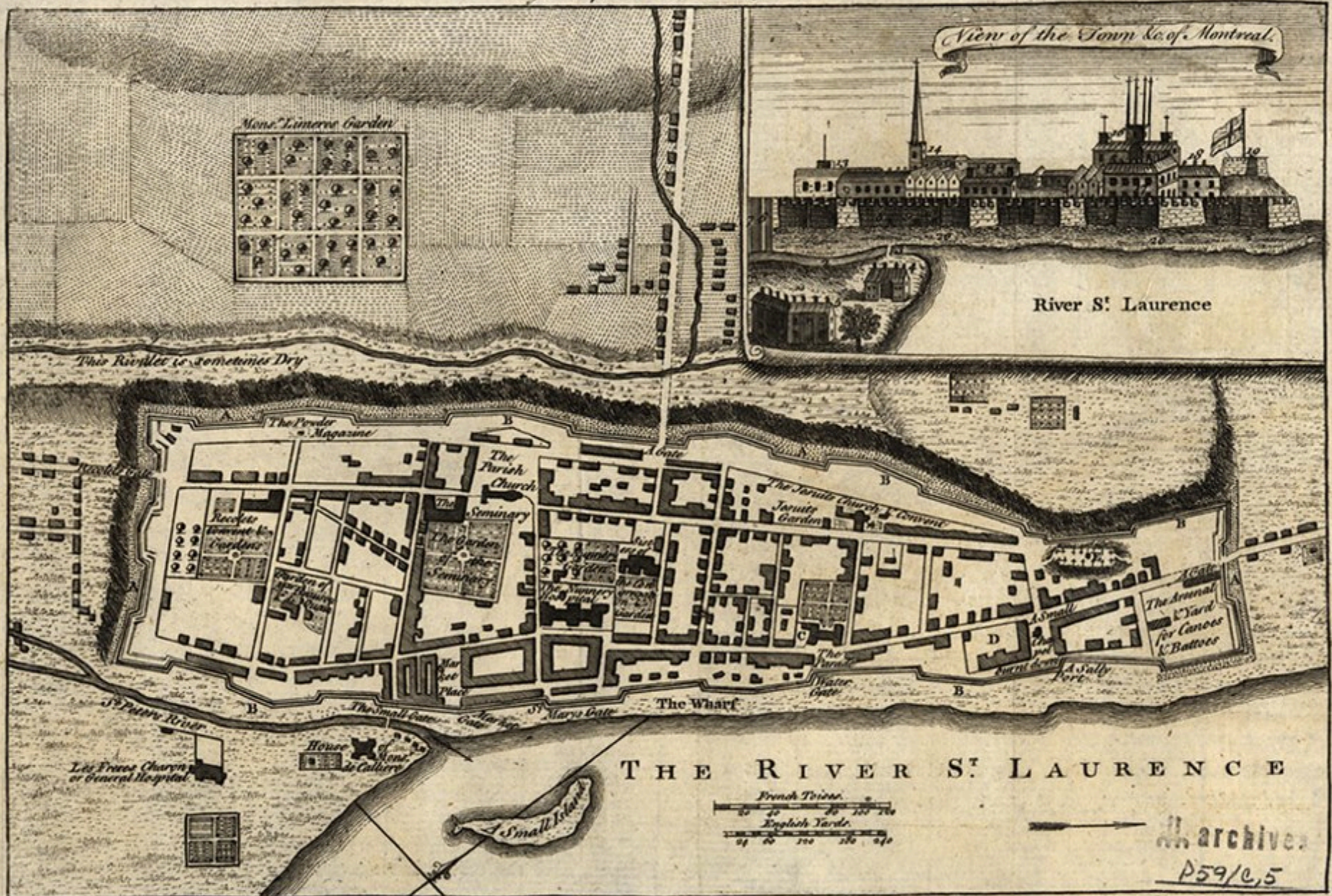
“Quebec Review 1787”
by Anonymous,
Bound with D.W. Smith’s Copy of :
“A Letter Descriptive of the Different Settlements in the Province of Upper Canada 1787”
(Library and Archives Canada)



Quebec Review
1787

“Quebec Review 1787”
by Anonymous,
Bound with D.W. Smith’s Copy of :
“A Letter Descriptive of the Different Settlements in the Province of Upper Canada 1787”
(Library and Archives Canada)

1760
Engraved for the London Magazine.



Plan of the Town & Fortifications of Montreal, or Ville Marie in Canada.

“Plan of the Town & Fortifications of Montréal or Ville-Marie in Canada”
Engraved for the London Magazine. 1760
(Division des archives de l'Université de Montréal)



"An East View of Montreal, Canada. 1762"
by Thomas Patten
(Public Archives of Canada, Ottawa)



A View of QUEBEC from the Bason.

Richard Smith

"A View of Quebec from the Bason"
by Unknown 1780
(Ontario Legislative Library)



Montreal
1784
(Canadian National Archives)



Painted by B. West 1783.

Drawn & Engraved by H. Moses.

RECEPTION OF THE AMERICAN LOYALISTS BY GREAT BRITAIN,
IN THE YEAR 1783.

35

“RECEPTION OF THE AMERICAN LOYALISTS BY GREAT BRITAIN, IN THE YEAR 1783”
by B. West, Engraved by H. Moses



*A View of ST. JOHN'S, upon the RIVER SORELL, in CANADA, with the Redoubts, Works, &c.
Taken in the Year 1776, during the late War in America.
Published as the Acts direct, Jan^y. 1st. 1789, by William Lane, Leadenhall Street, London.*

“A View of ST. JOHN'S, upon the RIVER SORELL, in CANADA
with the Redoubts, Works, Etc. Taken in the Year 1776 during the late War in America”
From Thomas Anburey's “Travels Through the Interior Parts of America” 1789

Acknowledgements

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Thank you!

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